<u>NAVY CHILDREN SCHOOLS</u> <u>SPLIT UP SYLLABUS</u> <u>COMPUTER SCIENCE – CLASS XI</u>

YEAR -2024-25

1. Distribution of Marks:

Unit	Unit Name	Marks	Periods	
No.			Theory	Practical
I	Computer Systems and Organisation	10	10	10
П	Computational Thinking and Programming - 1	45	80	60
Ш	Society, Law and Ethics	15	20	
	Total	70	110	70

2. Monthly Split up syllabus:

Month	Chapter	Content/Practical/Assignment	Practical / Projects
June/ July	 Computer Systems and Organisation 2. Boolean Logic 	 Basic Computer Organisation: Introduction to computer system, hardware, software, input device, output device, CPU, memory (primary, cache and secondary), units of memory (bit, Byte, KB, MB, GB, TB,PB) Types of software: system software (operating systems, system utilities, device drivers), programming tools and language translators (assembler, compiler & interpreter), application software Operating system, OS user interface Boolean logic: NOT, AND, OR, NAND, NOR, XOR, truth table, De Morgan's laws and logic airquite 	Identifying various components of Computer Making logical gates and proving theorems
	 Number System Encoding Schemes 	 Number system: Binary, Octal, Decimal and Hexadecimal number system; conversion between number systems. Encoding schemes: ASCII, ISCII and UNICODE (UTF8, UTF32) 	Number System Conversion
August	5. Introduction to problem solving	 Steps for problem solving (analysing the problem, developing an algorithm, coding, testing and debugging). Representation of algorithms using flow chart and pseudo code, decomposition. 	Writing Algorithms and preparing flowcharts for simple

	 Getting Started with Python 	• Familiarization with the basics of Python programming: Introduction to Python, features of Python, executing a simple "hello world" program, execution modes: interactive mode and script mode, Python character set, Python tokens (keyword, identifier, literal, operator, punctuator), variables, concept of I-value and r-value, use of comments.	problems Launching and working with python IDLE.
	 7. Python Fundamentals & Data Handling 8. Python Expressions & Statements 	 Knowledge of data types: number (integer, floating point, complex), boolean, sequence (string, list, tuple), none, mapping (dictionary), mutable and immutable data types Operators: arithmetic operators, relational operators, logical operators, assignment operator, augmented assignment operator, identity operators(is, is not), membership operators(in, not in) Expressions, statement, type conversion & input/output: precedence of operators, expression, evaluation of expression, python statement, type conversion (explicit & implicit conversion), accepting data as input from the console and displaying Output 	Working in Interactive and script modes Use of operators, framing &evaluating expressions, type conversions, etc in Interactive mode
	 9. Errors & Debugging 10. Flow of control: sequential & conditional flow, Loops 	 Errors: syntax errors, logical errors, runtime errors Flow of control: introduction, use of indentation, sequential flow, conditional and iterative flow control Conditional statements: if, if-else, if-elif-else, flowcharts, simple programs: e.g.: absolute value, sort 3 numbers and divisibility of a number Iterative statements: for loop, range function, while loop, flowcharts, break and 	Basic Programs, Programs that require decision making. Programs based on
Sept	11. Strings in Python	 continue statements, nested loops, suggested programs: generating pattern, summation of series, finding the factorial of a positive number etc Strings: introduction, indexing, string operations (concatenation, repetition, membership & slicing), traversing a string using loops, built-in functions: len(), capitalize(), title(), lower(), upper(), count(), find() index() endswith() startswith() 	loops Programs based on string manipulations
		isalnum(), isalpha(), isdigit(), islower(), isupper(), isspace(), lstrip(), rstrip(), strip(), replace(), join(), partition(). split()	

Oct/Nov	12.Lists 13.Tuples	 Lists: introduction, indexing, list operations (concatenation, repetition, membership & slicing), traversing a list using loops, built-in functions: len(), list(), append(), extend(), insert(), count(), index(), remove(), pop(), reverse(), sort(), sorted(), min(), max(), sum(); nested lists, suggested programs: finding the maximum, minimum, mean of numeric values stored in a list; linear search on list of numbers and counting the frequency of elements in a list. Tuples: introduction, indexing, tuple operations(concatenation, repetition, repetition, repetition, some endowned). 	Programs based on list operations
		membership & slicing), built-in functions: len(), tuple(), count(), index(), sorted(), min(), max(), sum(); tuple assignment, nested tuple, suggested programs: finding the minimum, maximum, mean of values stored in a tuple; linear search on a tuple of numbers, counting the frequency of elements in a tuple.	Programs based on tuples
	14. Dictionary	 Dictionary: introduction, accessing items in a dictionary using keys, mutability of dictionary (adding a new item, modifying an existing item), traversing a dictionary, built-in functions: len(), dict(), keys(), values(), items(), get(), update(), del(), clear(), fromkeys(), copy(), pop(), popitem(), setdefault(), max(), min(), count(), sorted(), copy(); suggested programs : count the number of times a character appears in a given string using a dictionary, create a dictionary with names of employees, their salary and access them 	Programs based on dictionari es

Dec/Jan 15. Introduction to Python Modules	 Introduction to Python modules: Importing module using 'import <module>' and using from statement, importing math module (pi, e, sqrt(), ceil(), floor(), pow(), fabs(), sin(), cos(), tan()); random module (random(), randint(), randrange()),statistics module (mean(), median(), mode()).</module> 	Programs importing and using modules.
Jan/Feb	 Digital Footprints Digital society and Netizen: net etiquettes, communication etiquettes, social media etiquettes. Data protection: Intellectual Property Right (copyright, patent, trademark), violation of IPR (plagiarism, copyright infringement, trademark infringement), open source softwares and licensing (Creative Commons, GPL and Apache) Cyber-crime: definition, hacking, eavesdropping, phishing and fraud emails, ransomware, preventing cyber crime Cyber safety: safely browsing the web, identity protection, confidentiality, cyber trolls and bullying. Safely accessing web sites: malware, viruses, Trojans, adware E-waste management: proper disposal of used electronic gadgets Indian Information Technology Act (IT Act) Technology & Society: Gender and disability issues while teaching and using computers. 	Understan di ng of Cyber laws and online ethics including safety measures to protect data and information available online